## IN THE UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS HOUSTON DIVISION

IN RE

SERRANOS CAFÉ & CANTINA

Debtor,

LOWELL T. CAGE, TRUSTEE,

Plaintiff,

V.

Defendants.

Defendants.

## MEMORANDUM OPINION

The court has considered the Motion for Summary

Judgment (Docket No. 12) filed by Adam Gonzales and David

Quintanilla. The following are the Findings of Fact and

Conclusions of Law of the court. A separate conforming Judgment

will be entered. To the extent any of the Findings of Fact are

considered Conclusions of Law, they are adopted as such. To the

extent any of the Conclusions of Law are considered Findings of

Fact, they are adopted as such.

## Findings of Fact

Serranos Café & Cantina 620 Ltd. ("Debtor") filed a voluntary petition under Chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code on March 31, 2005. Lowell T. Cage ("Trustee") is the Chapter 7

Trustee.

On September 2, 2005, Trustee filed the complaint in the instant adversary proceeding. In the complaint, Trustee seeks turnover, based on Trustee's examination of the accounting records of Debtor, on grounds "the defendants owe a matured and liquidated debt to Debtor and which is the property of the estate under 11 U.S.C. § 542."

In the instant motion, Defendants seek summary judgment dismissing the above captioned cause of action with prejudice, on grounds turnover proceedings may not be used to liquidate disputed contract claims.

## Conclusions of Law

Section 542(b) of the Bankruptcy Code provides in pertinent part:

[A]n entity that owes a debt that is property of the estate and that is matured, payable on demand, or payable on order, shall pay such debt to, or on the order of, the trustee, except to the extent that such debt may be offset under section 553 of this title against a claim against the debtor.

11 U.S.C. § 542(b).

In this court's unpublished opinion in <a href="Innercraft">Innercraft</a>
<a href="Constr.">Constr.</a>, Inc. v. Turner Constr. Co. (In re Innercraft Constr., <a href="Inc.">Inc.</a>), (Bankr. S.D. Tex., Adv. No. 92-4601, Slip Op., Dec. 28, 1992), this court held:

Courts construing subsection (b) have concluded that to recover money, a defendant's liability must be undisputed. <u>In re F.R.L. Co.</u>, 58 B.R. 632, 633 (Bankr. E.D.Pa. 1985) ("Implicit in the bankruptcy concept of turnover is the idea that the property being sought is

clearly the property of the debtor, but not in the debtor's possession").

The Bankruptcy Court will not enforce a debtor's claim through turnover orders unless the claim against the defendants is litigated in a court of competent jurisdiction or by agreement. Satelco, Inc. v. North American Publishers, Inc. (In re Satelco, Inc.), 58 B.R. 781 (Bankr. N.D. Tex. 1986).

Neither this court's opinion in <u>Innercraft</u> nor the opinion in <u>Satelco</u> compels dismissal on the merits of the claims brought in the instant adversary proceeding. The court concludes that judicial economy is best served by abating the instant adversary proceeding, in order to permit the Chapter 7 Trustee to seek liquidation of any claims against Defendants in a court of competent jurisdiction, or by agreement.

Based on the foregoing, a separate conforming Judgment will be entered.

|        | Signed a | t Houston, | Texas | on   | this | 21st |   |   |  |
|--------|----------|------------|-------|------|------|------|---|---|--|
| day of | April    |            | ,     | . 20 | 006. |      | _ | _ |  |

LETITIX/Z. CLARK

UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY JUDGE